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3D FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE ALTERNATE SSME HPOT TAD

C.A.Kubinski
Government Engines & Space Propulsion Division
West Palm Beach, Florida

ABSTRACT

This paper describes the results of numerical flow analyses performed in support of design development of the Space Shuttle Main Engine Alternate High Pressure Oxidizer Turbine Turn-around duct (TAD). The flow domain has been modeled using a 3D, Navier-Stokes, general purpose flow solver. The goal of this effort is to achieve an alternate TAD exit flow distribution which closely matches that of the baseline configuration. 3D Navier Stokes CFD analyses were employed to evaluate numerous candidate geometry modifications to the TAD flowpath in order to achieve this goal. The design iterations are summarized, as well as a description of the computational model, numerical results and the conclusions based on these calculations.

3D Flow Analysis of the Alternate SSME HPOT TAD

**Cheryl A. Kubinski
Pratt & Whitney (GESP)
April 20, 1993**

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Outline

- I. Problem Overview
- II. Background – Differences Between Rocketdyne Baseline and ATD HPOT TAD
 - Geometrical
 - Aerodynamic
- III. Approach
 - Minimize Differences using CFD tools to predict flowfield differences
- IV. Status
 - Modified ATD TAD Configuration Defined Which Emulates Rocketdyne Baseline

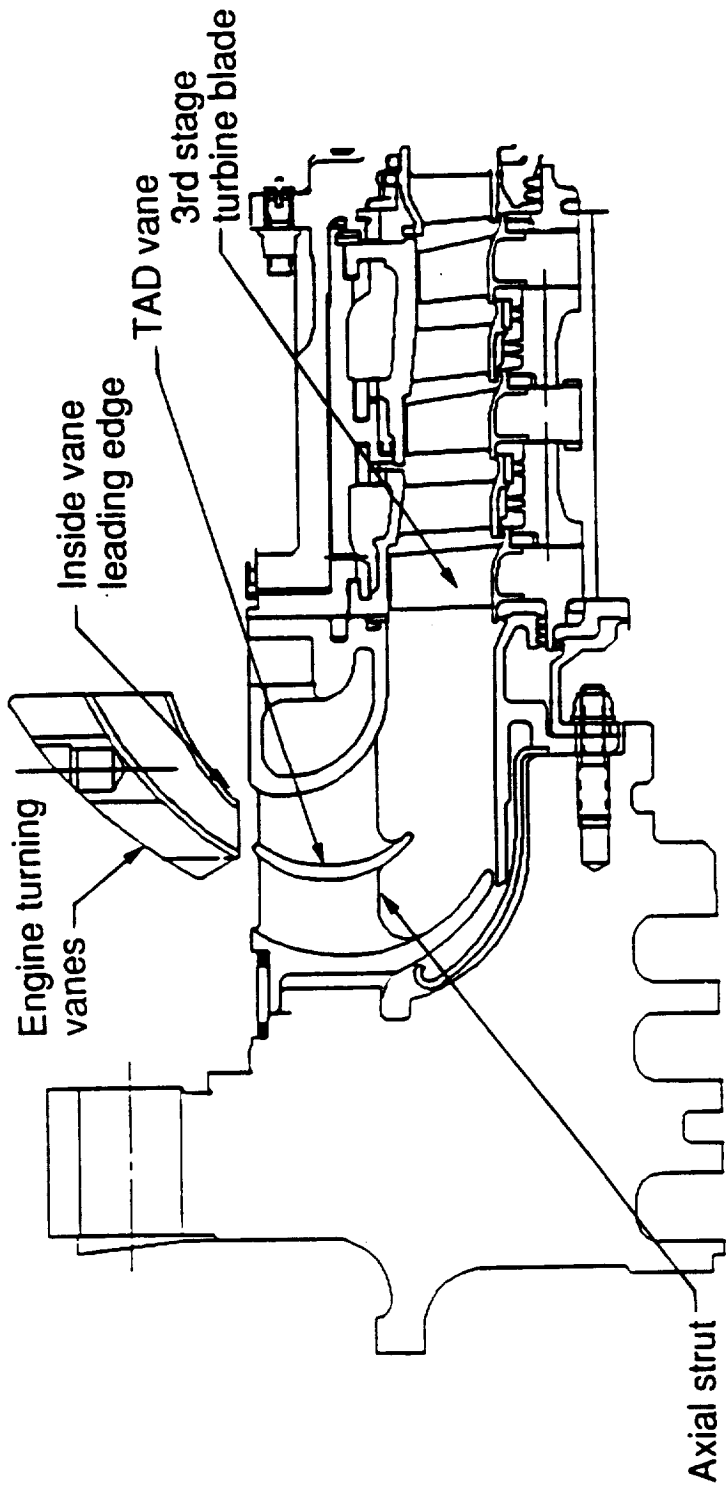
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Problem Overview

Engine Turning Vane Cracking Investigation

- Engine turning cracking occurs at inside vane leading edge, pressure and suction side.

Heat Exchanger



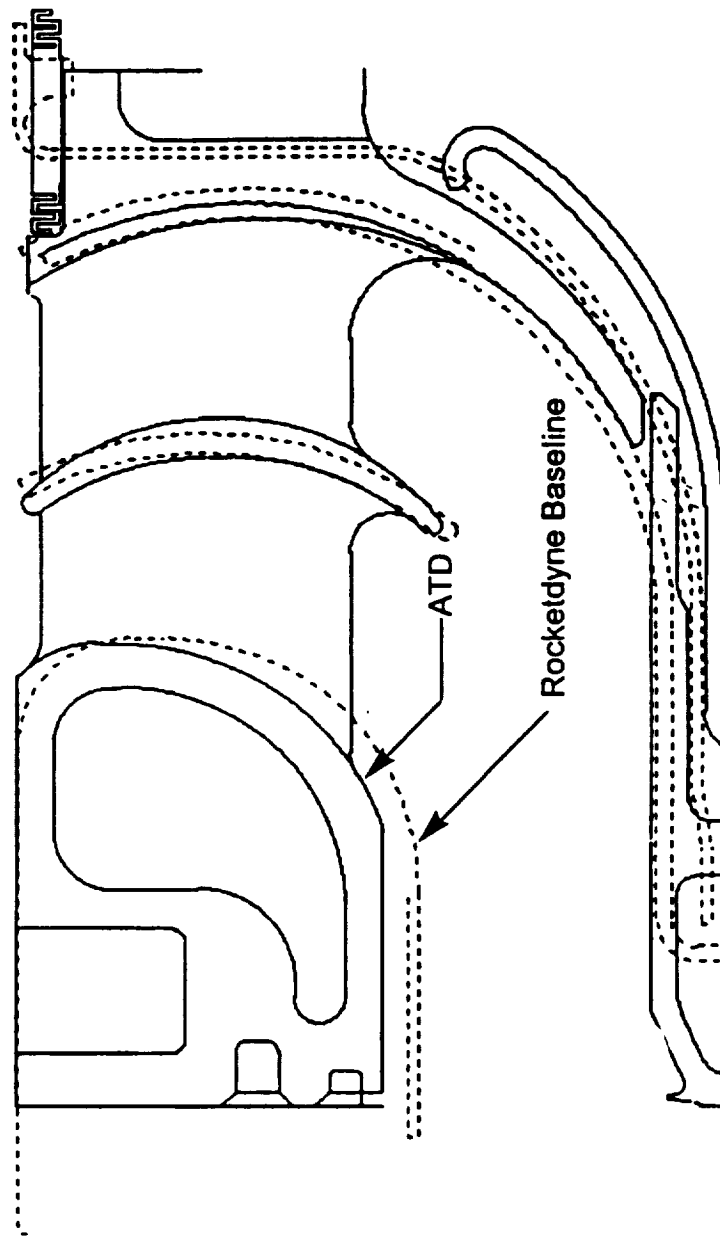
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Problem Overview

- Engine turning vane cracking occurs with P&W HPOTP
- Fractography analysis indicates cracking is due to HCF.
- Fault tree failure analysis indicates flow environment induced loads result in HCF incidents.
- Flow environment induced loads may result from:
 - Interface velocity distribution
 - Unsteadiness/turbulence
 - Turbine thermal profiles

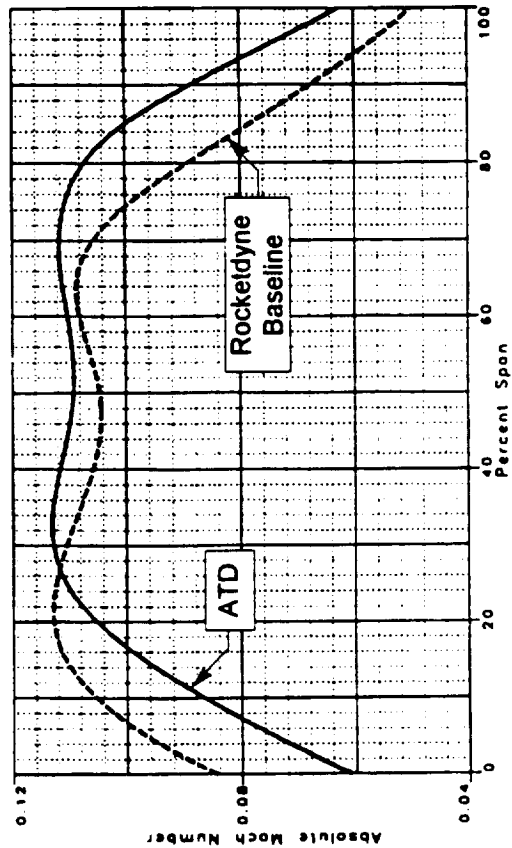
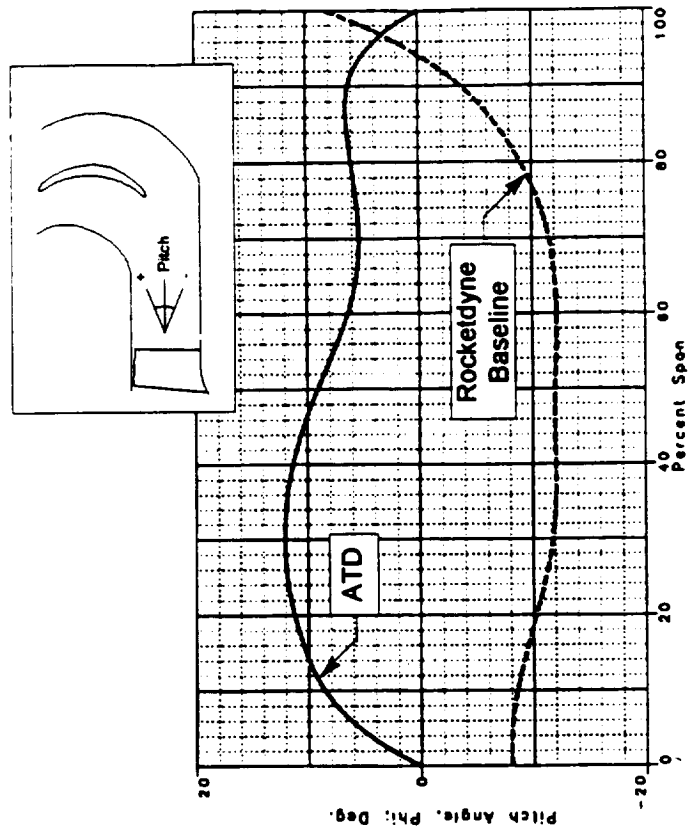
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Geometrical Differences



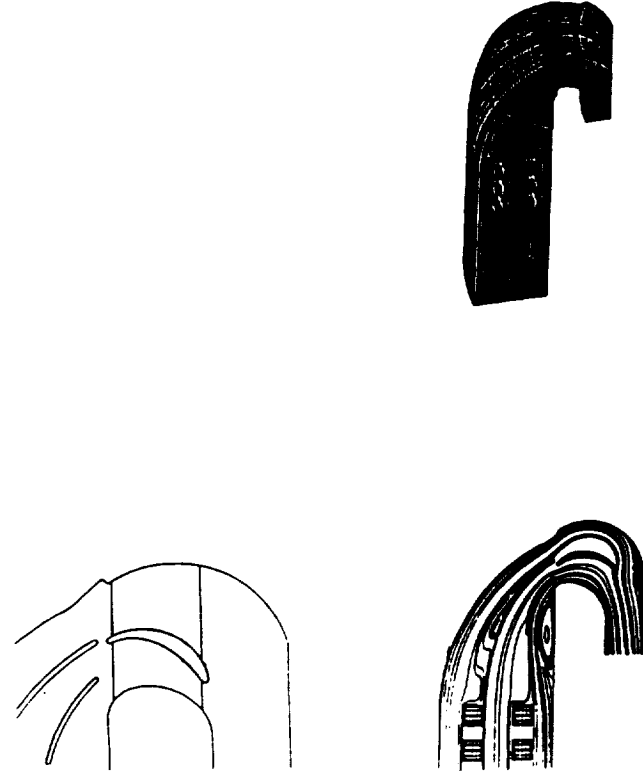
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TAD Inlet Gas Profile Differences



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CFD Support for TAD Modification – Design Process



Geometry Definition

CFD Analysis

TAD Modified to Match Baseline Interface Conditions

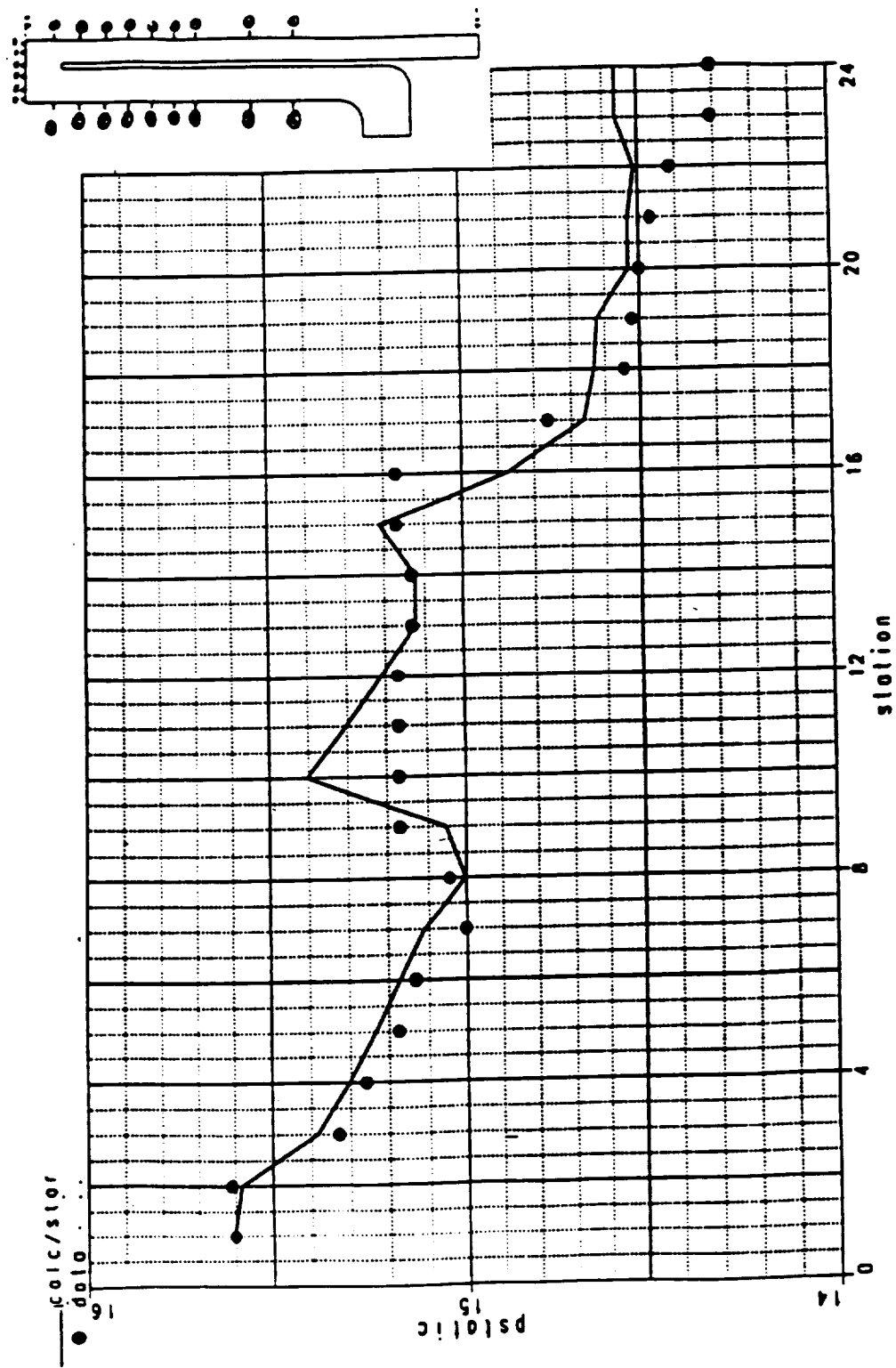
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Description of STAR – CD

- General Purpose, 3D Navier Stokes Flow Solver
- Body – Fitted, Unstructured Mesh allows for modelling of Complex Geometries
- Rapid Turn – Around
- TAD Calibration Cases
 - Arizona State University Test Case (D.Metzger)
 - NASA – Ames Test Case (D.Monson)

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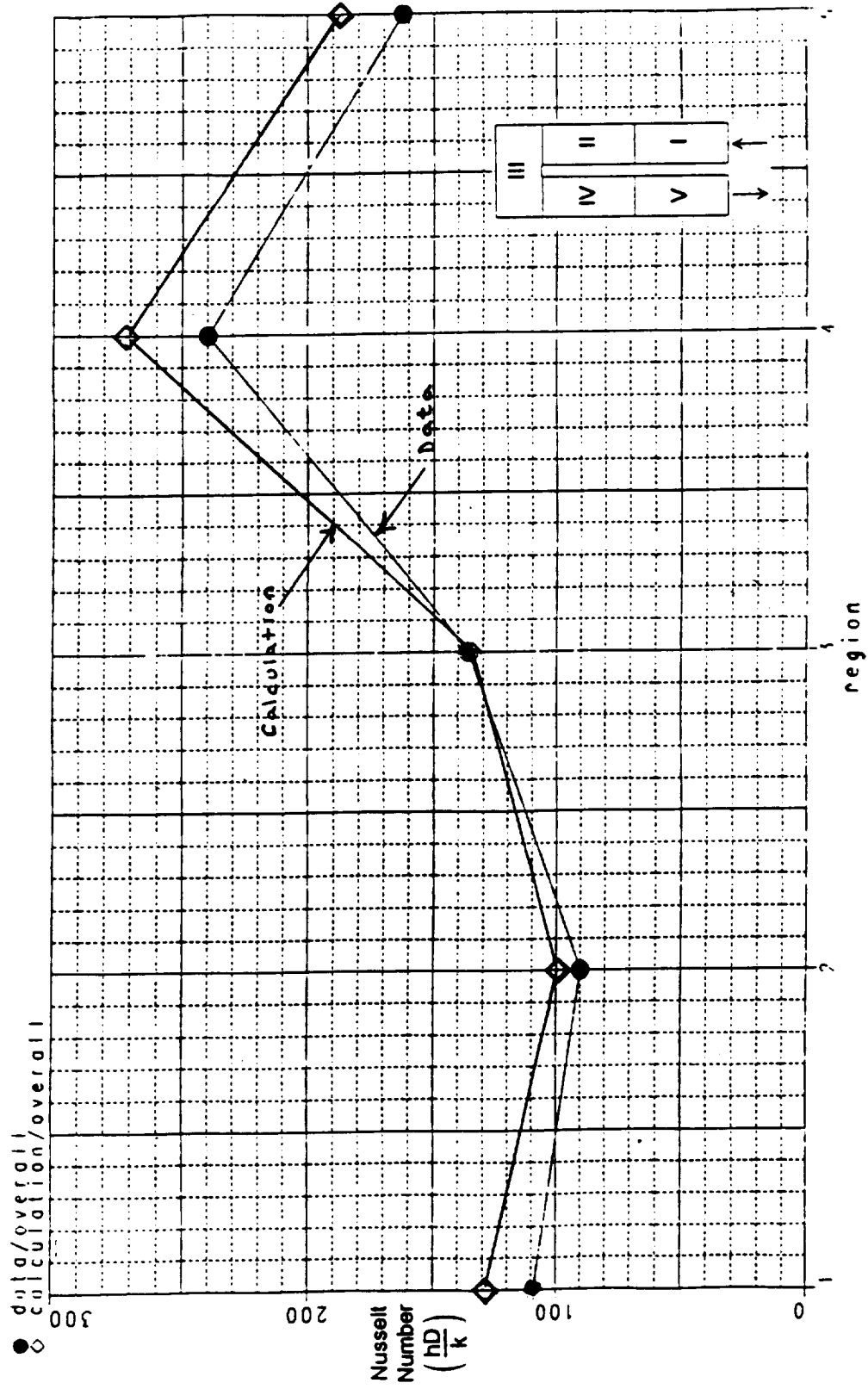
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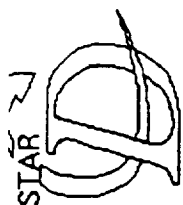
Measured / CFD Predicted Static Pressure With Trip Strips

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Code Verification



Measured vs Predicted Nusselt Number For Model Without Trip Strips



PROSTAR 2.1

19-APR-93

VIEW

-0.246

-0.332

0.911

ANGLE

84.968

DISTANCE

5.477

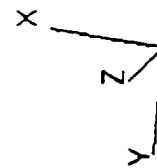
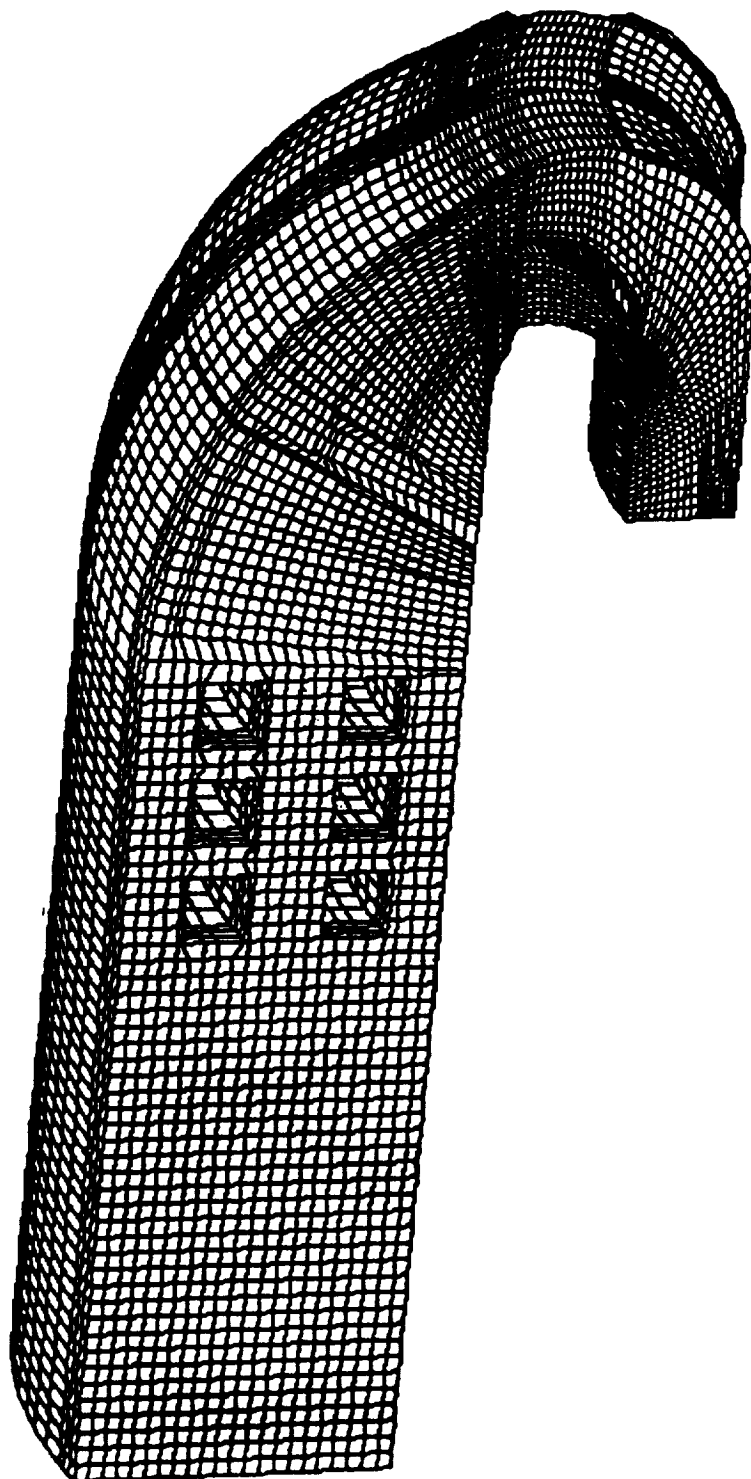
CENTER

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6.208

2.001

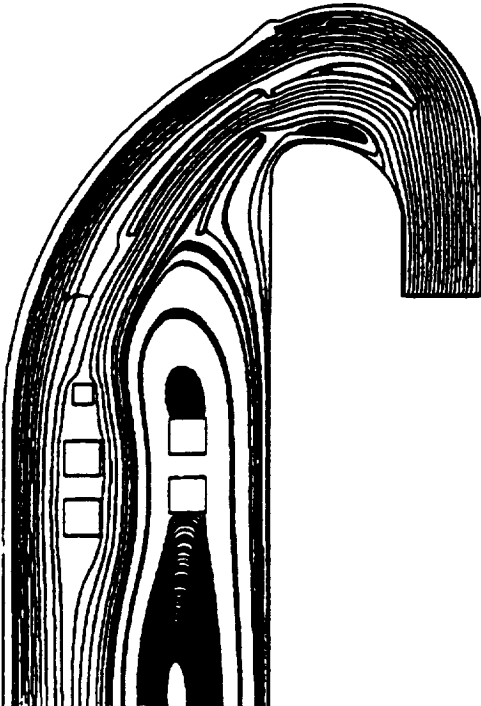
EHIDDEN PLOT



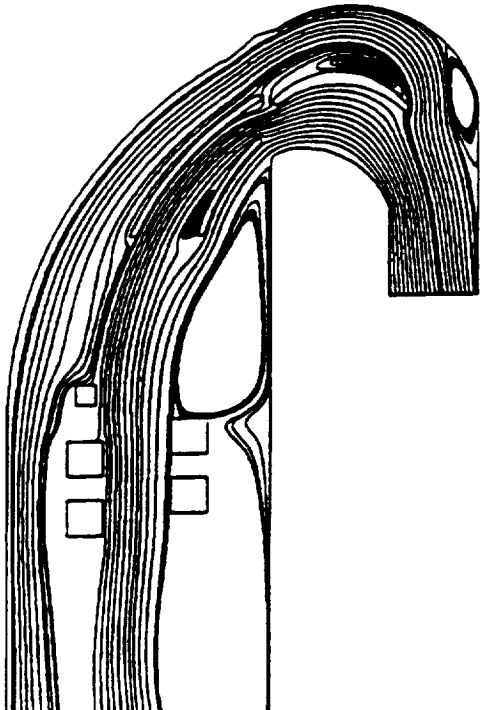
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Predicted TAD Flow Pattern Differences

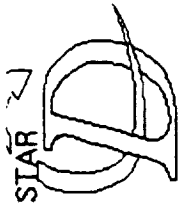
Rocketdyne Baseline



ATD



REFLEQX Axisymmetric Analysis (MSFC)



PROSTAR 2.1

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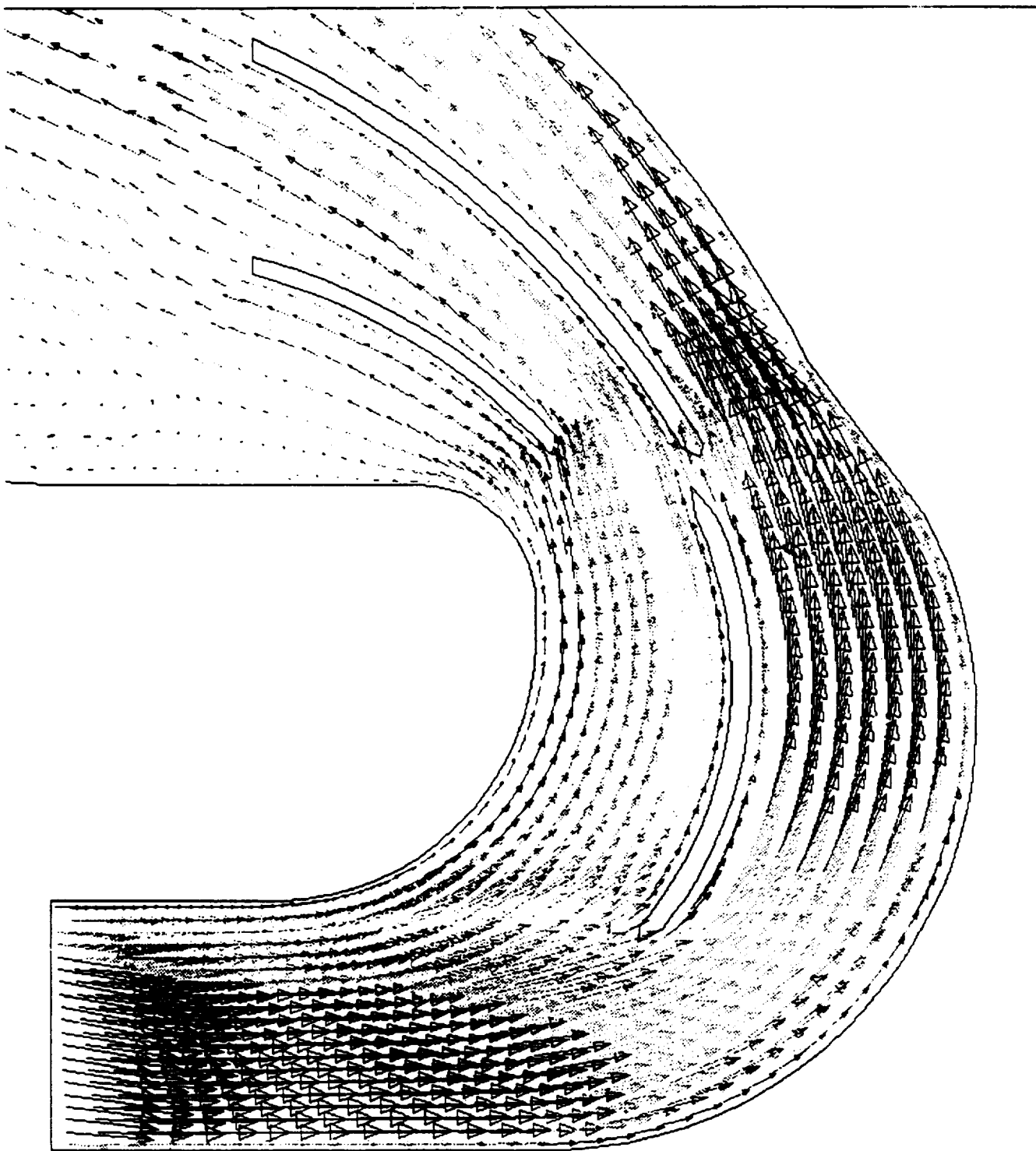
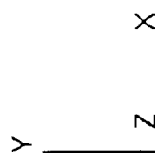
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FT/SEC

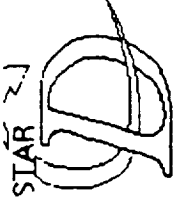
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587.1
538.1
489.2
440.3
391.4
342.5
293.5
244.6
195.7
146.8
97.84
48.92
0.



rocketdyne model..



PROSTAR 2.1

3-MAR-93

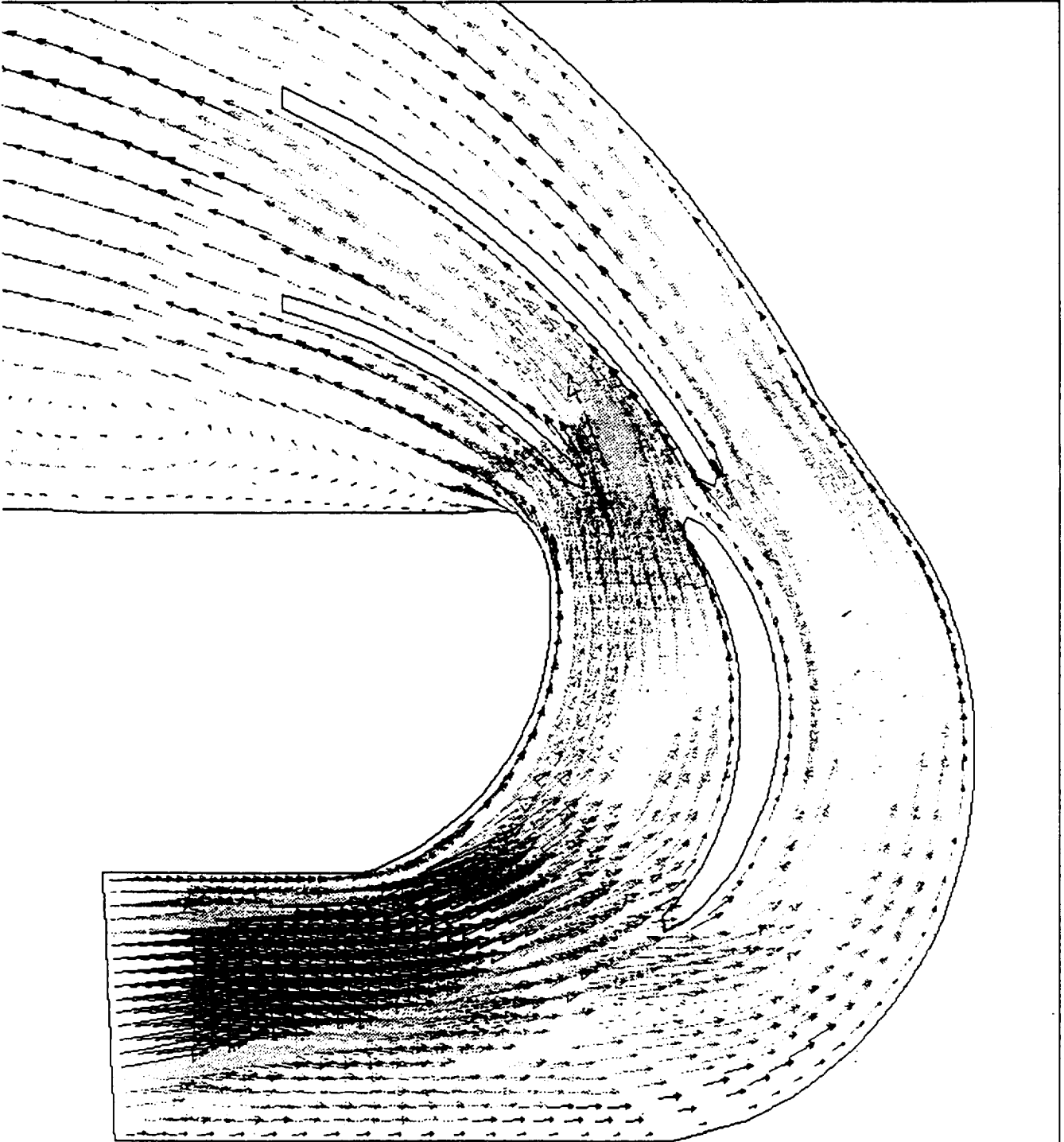
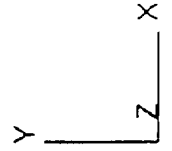
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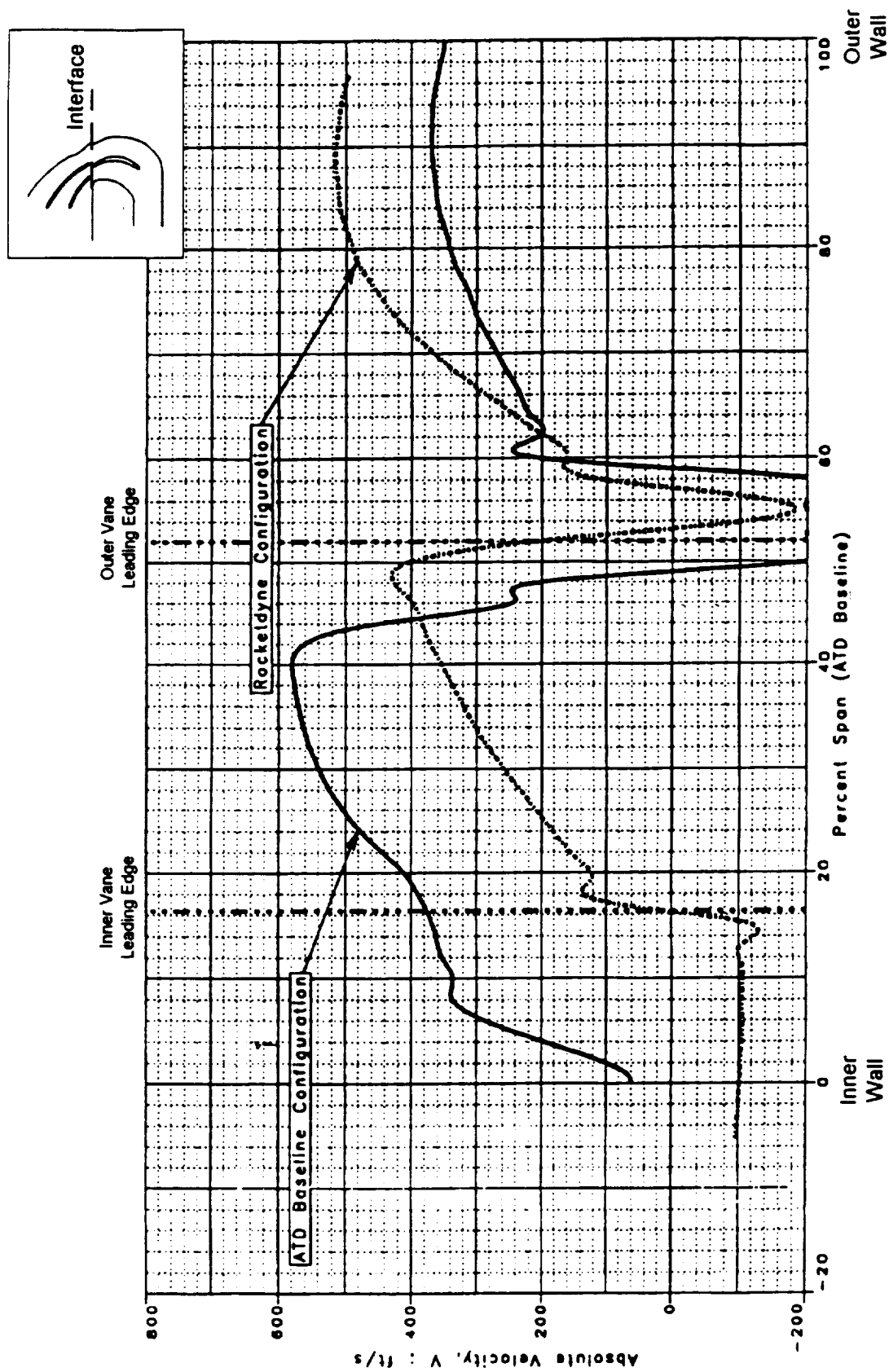
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636.0
587.1
538.1
489.2
440.3
391.4
342.5
293.5
244.6
195.7
146.8
97.84
48.92
0.



Baseline ATD...converged

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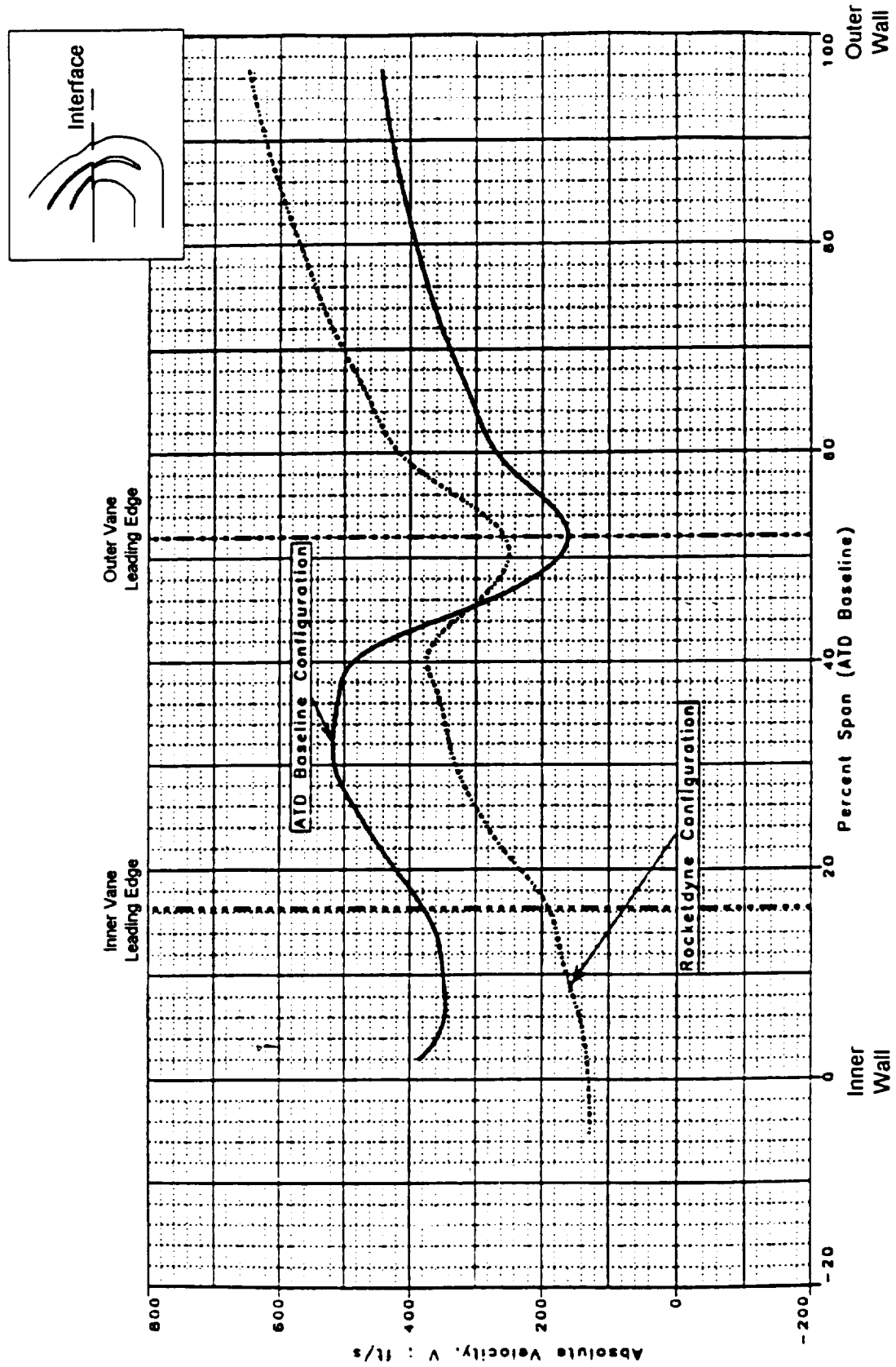
Differences in Velocity Distributions at Interface Plane



REFLEQX Axisymmetric Analysis (MSFC)

SSME ATD HPOT TAD REDESIGN

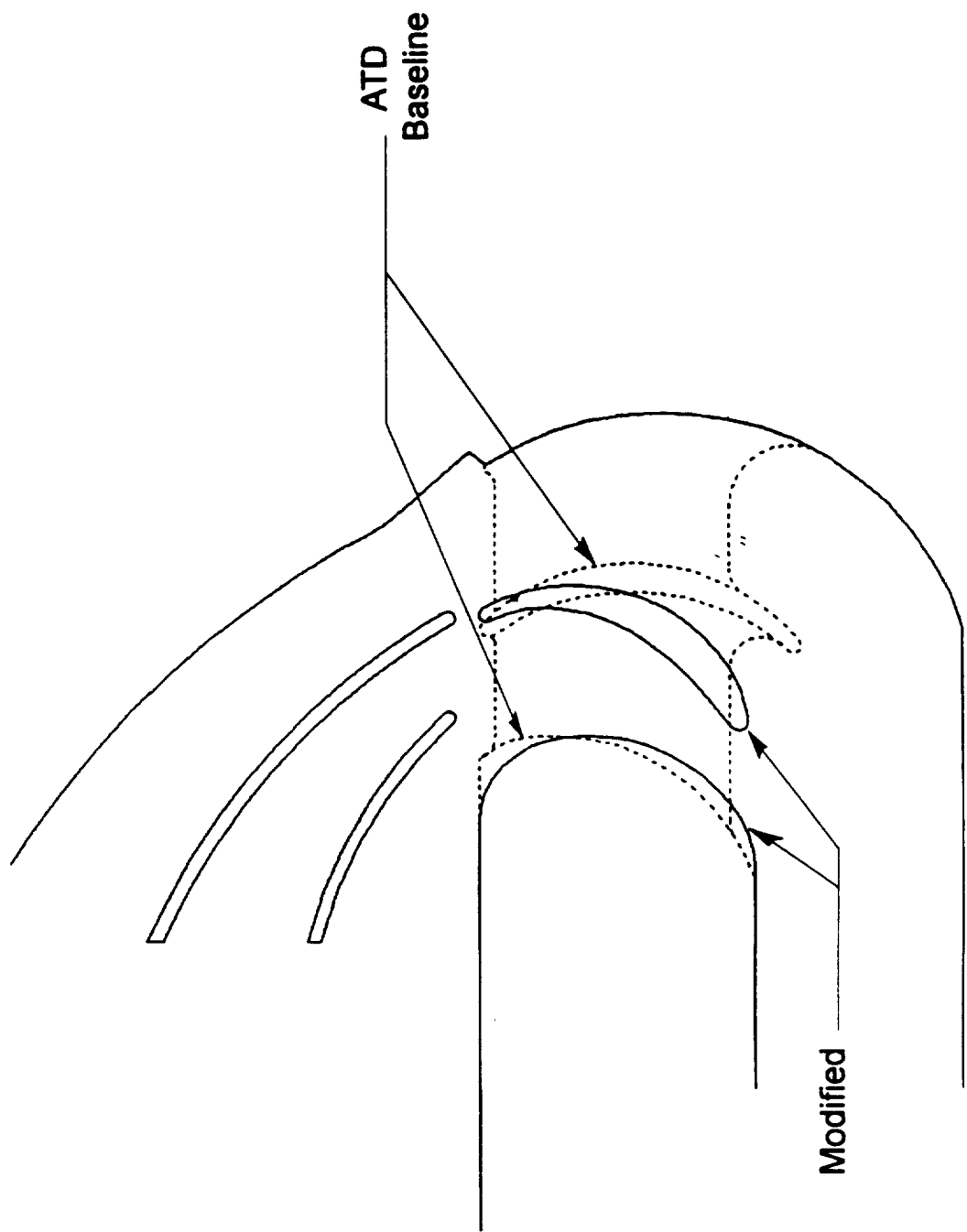
Differences in Velocity Distributions at Interface Plane



3D Analysis

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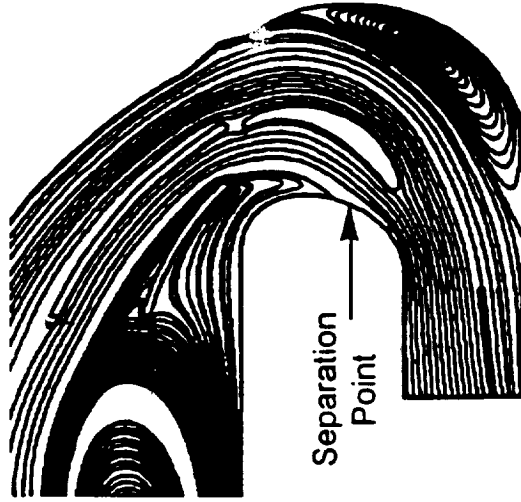
Splitter and Inner Tum Contours Modified to Reduce Velocity Near Inner Vane



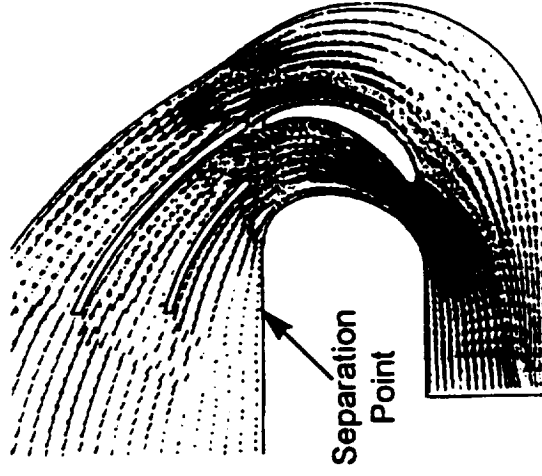
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CFD Models Differ in Prediction of Flow Separation For Modified TAD

Axisymmetric Model

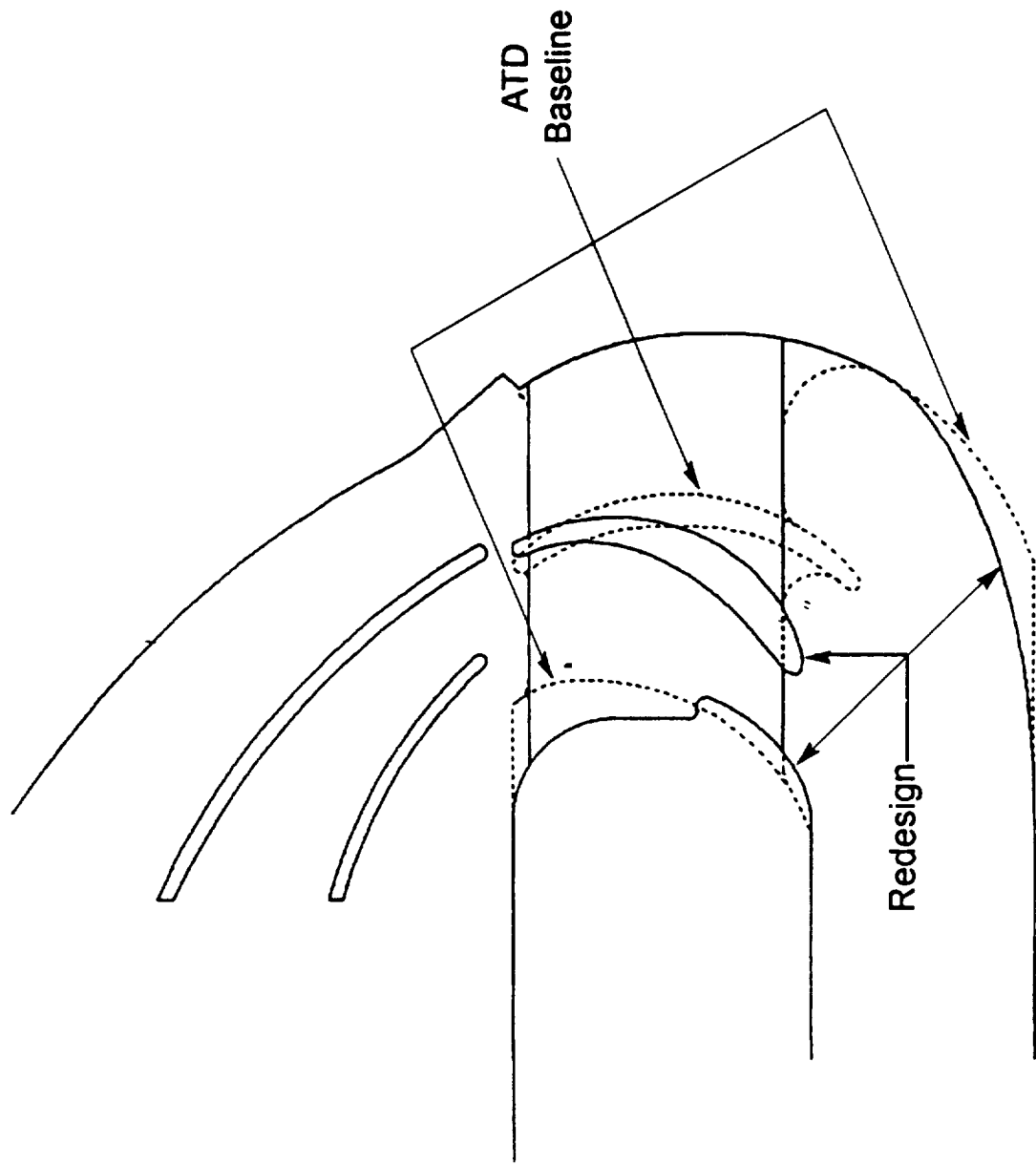


3D Model



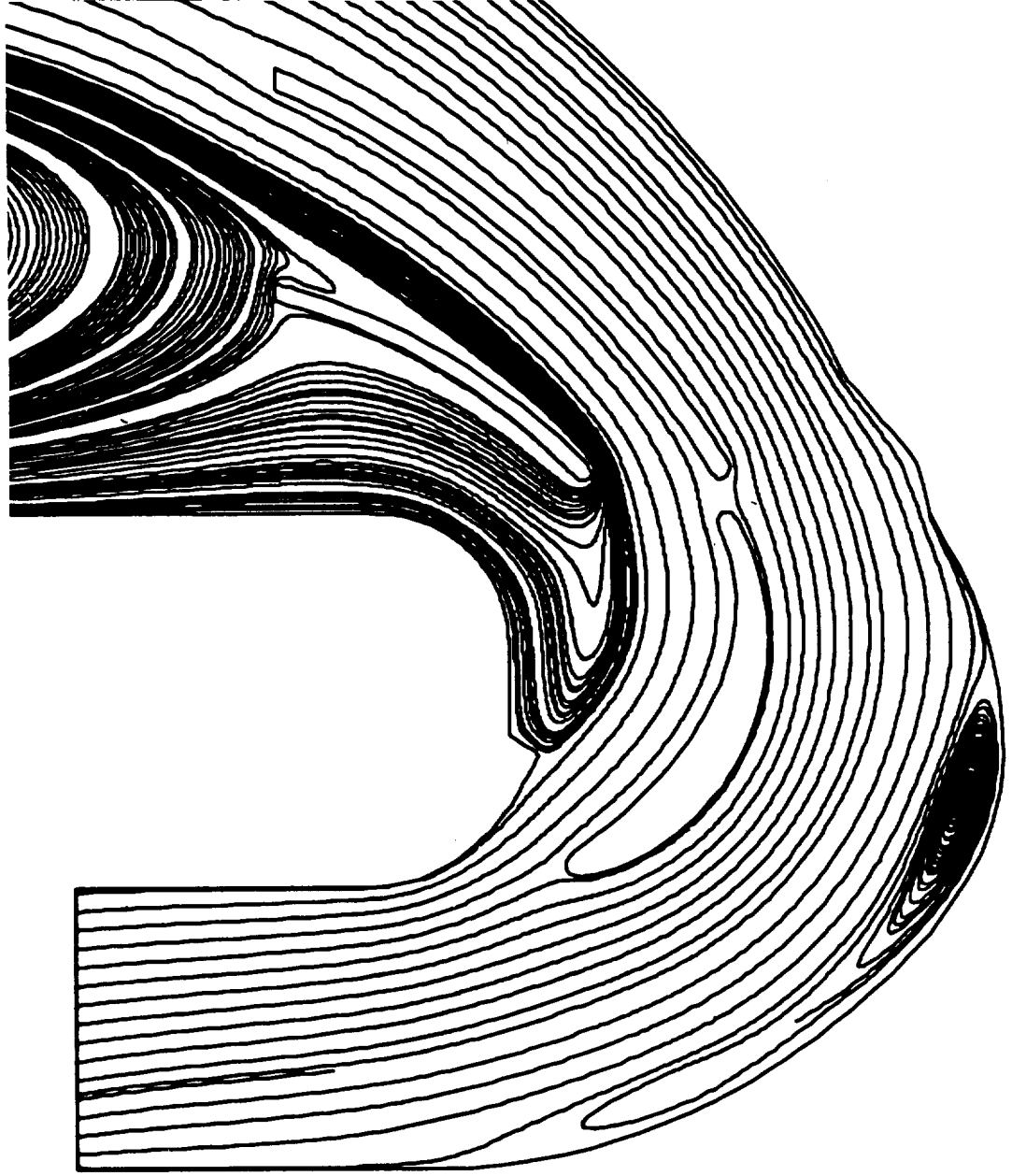
SSME ATD HPOT TAD REDESIGN

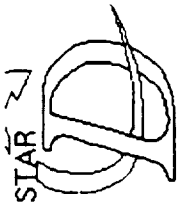
ATD TAD Redesign Configuration



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ATD Redesign – 2D Axisymmetric Analysis





PROSTAR 2.1

3-MAR-93

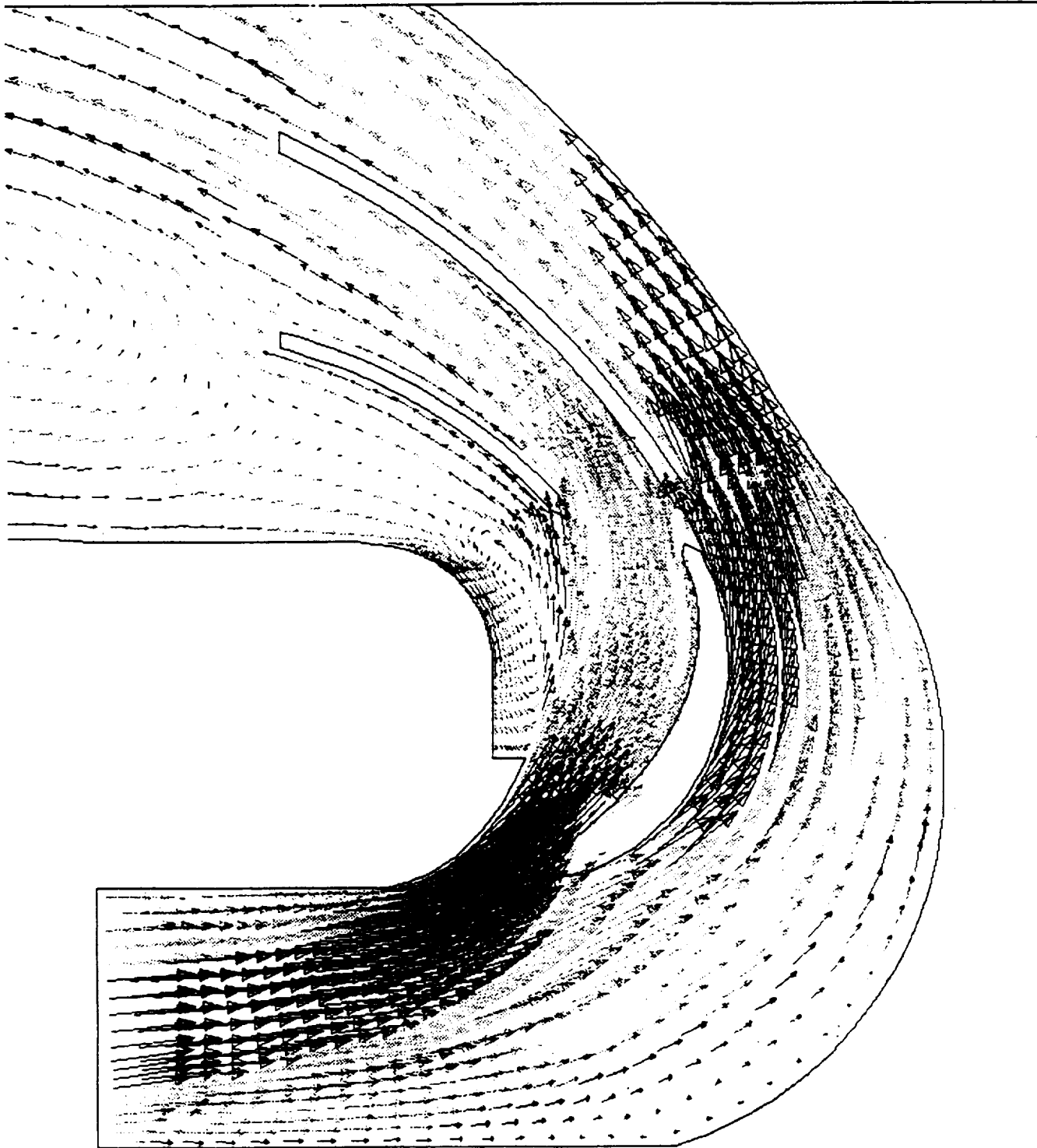
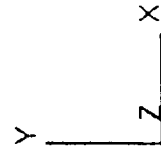
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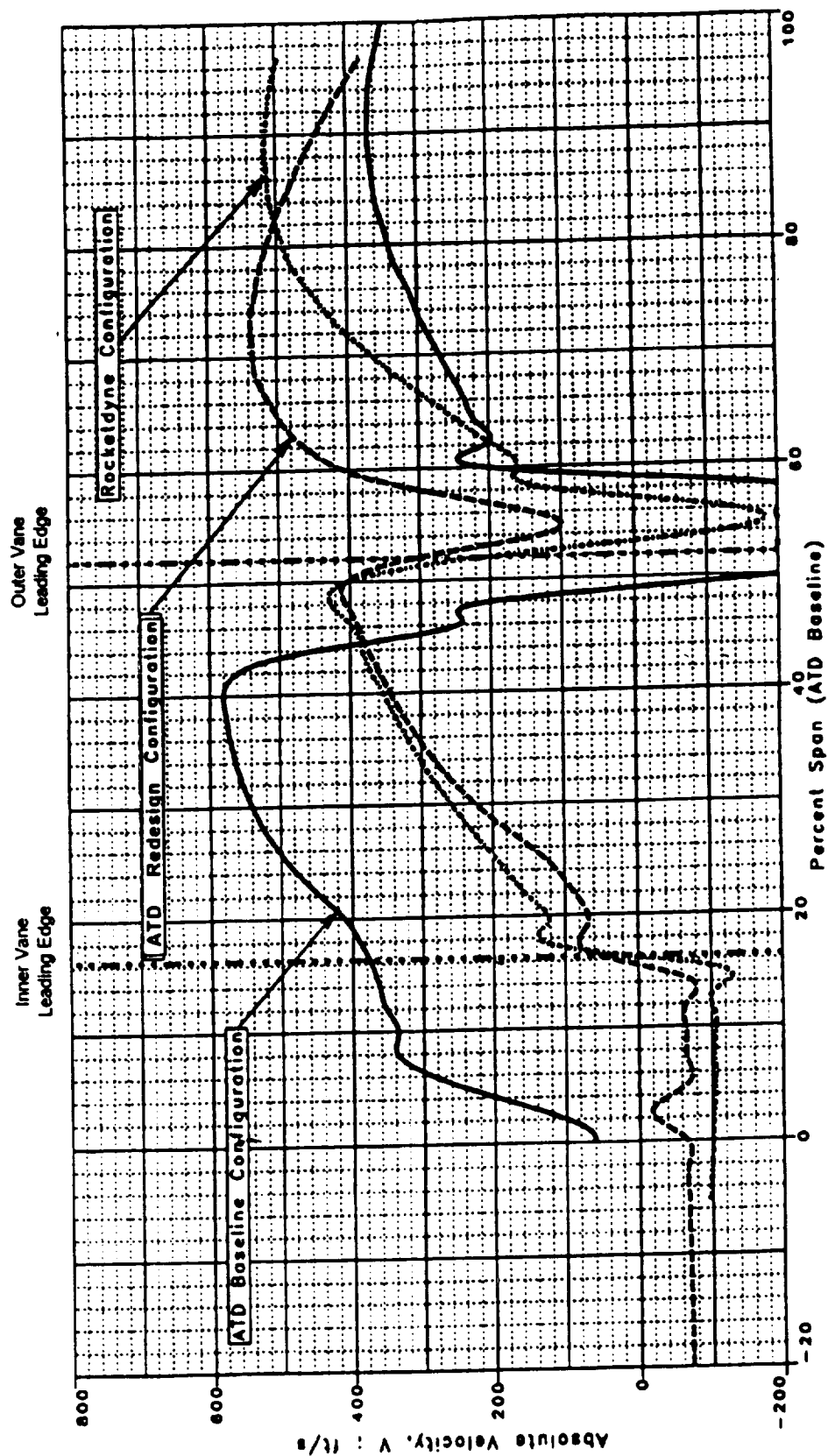
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244.6
195.7
146.8
97.84
48.92
0



ATD Redesign

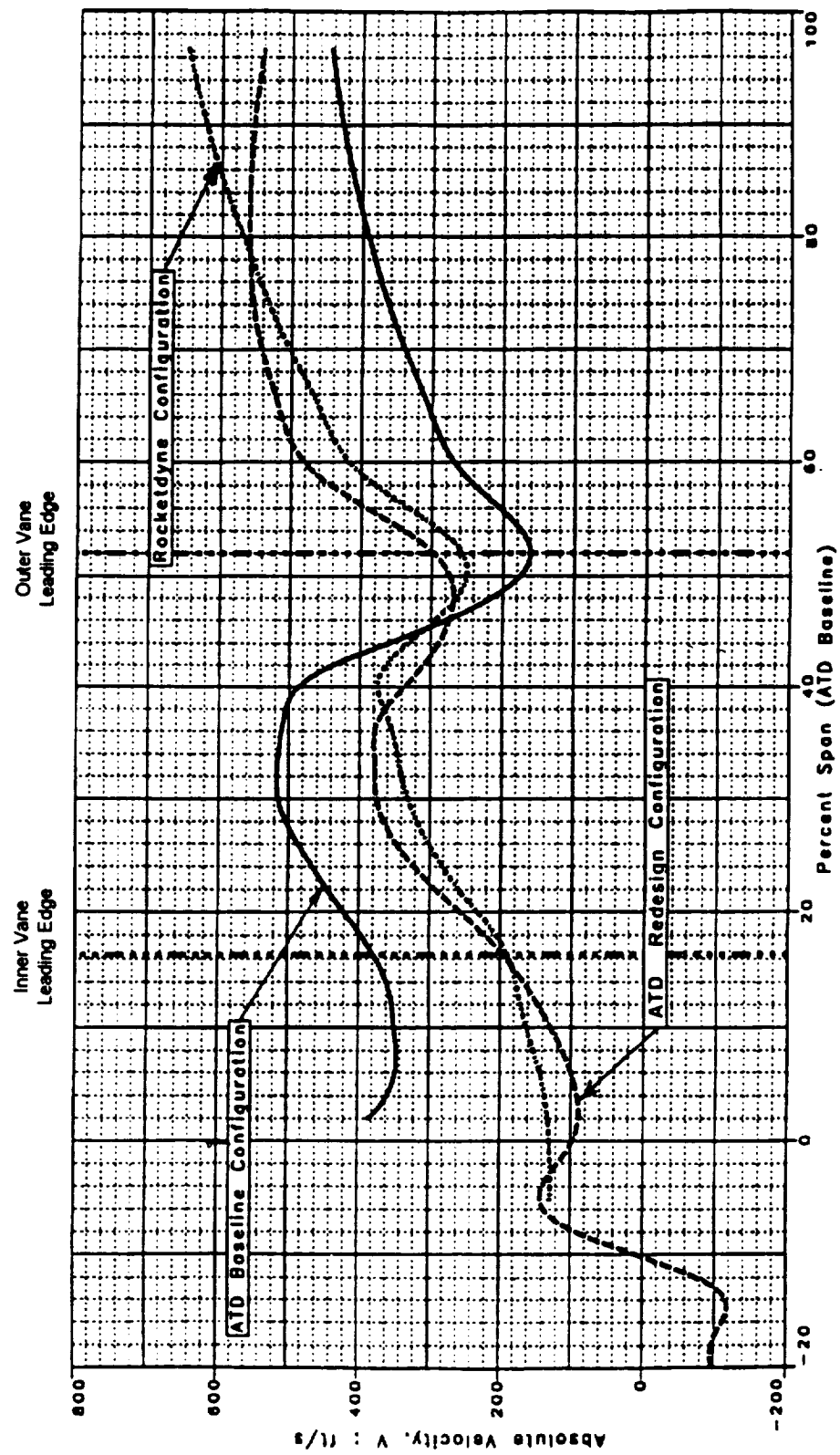
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Axisymmetric Analysis Indicates Velocity Near Inner Vane Still At Goal Level



SSME ATD HPOT TAD REDESIGN

3D Analysis of ATD Redesign TAD Indicates Velocity Near Inner Vane At Goal Level



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Summary

- Major Differences Between the Rocketdyne and ATD TAD's Have Been Identified and Addressed
 - Interface Velocity Distribution
 - TAD Mass Flow Split
 - Fluctuating Pressures Along GOX Hex Vanes
 - Engine – Side Cavities
- Modified ATD TAD Recommended for Incorporation Into the ATD HPOT – Supported By:
 - Axisymmetric CFD Results
 - 3D CFD Results

